STRUCTURAL DESIGN OF MEGA LNG CARRIER by HASAN DEEB

"EMSHIP"

Erasmus Mundus Master Course in "Integrated Advanced Ship Design





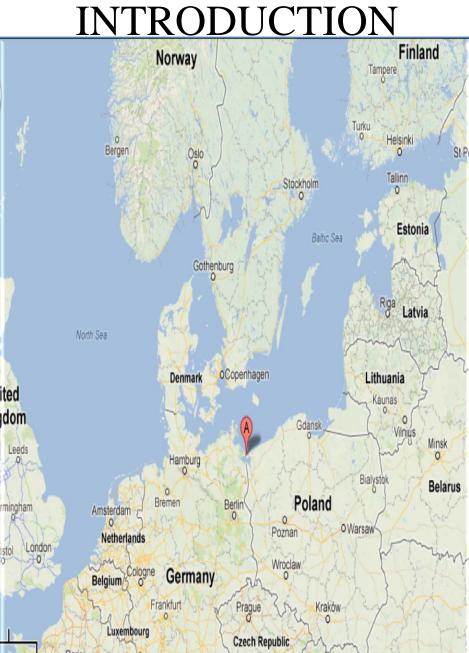
Zachodniopomorski Uniwersytet Technologiczny

SUMMERY

- 1 Introduction
- 2 LNG (definition, & market)
- 3 Principle of ship design
- 4 Main characteristics
- 5 3D model using Poseidon software
- 6 Basic forces acting on ship
- 7 Scantling according to GL rules
- 8 Numerical calculation (FEM)
- 9 Conclusion

LNG Terminal Świnoujściu strategic location and advantages





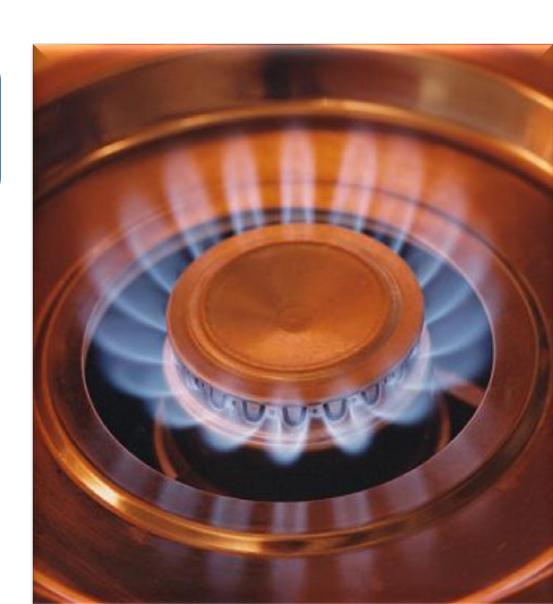
LNG



WHAT IS LNG?

WHY LNG?

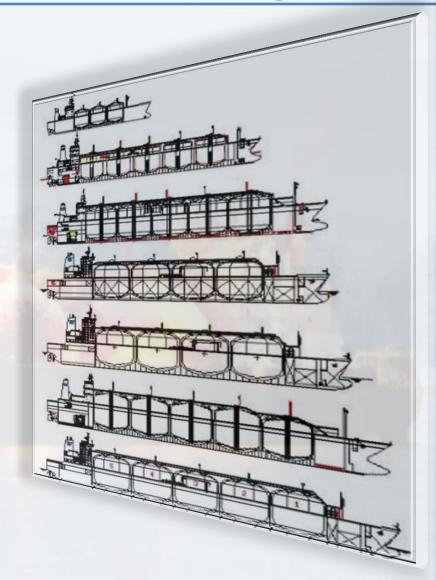
SIZE OF THE MAKET?



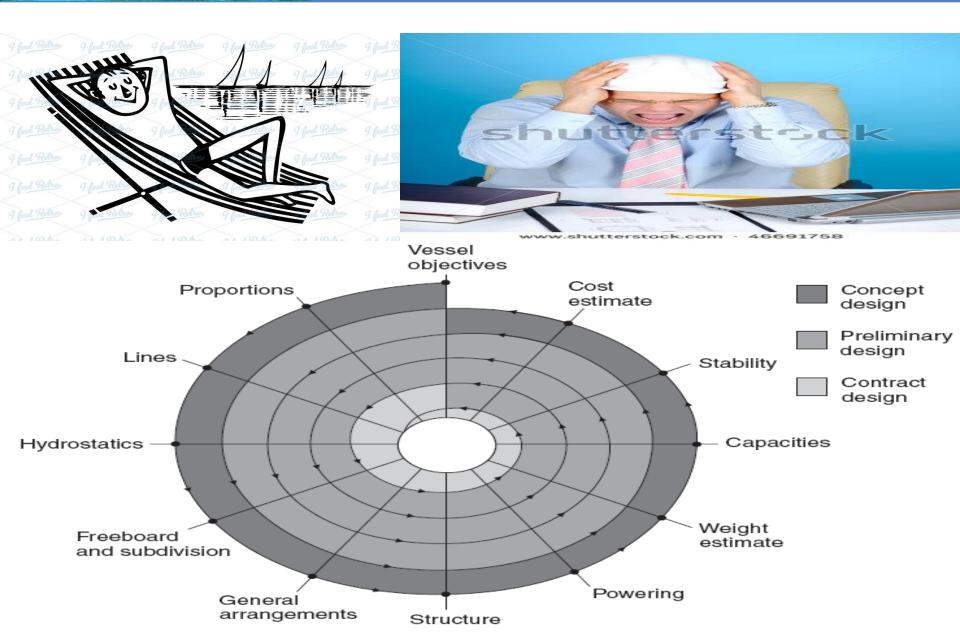
Definition Of Problem & Scope Of Work

1- Increasing of demand on LNG sources require building bigger and bigger ships, this make the engineers in challenge to ensure the safety of ships and ability to survive carrying this huge amount of cargo.

2- Design LNG ship which can navigate under real conditions safely and numerical verification before build it in shipyard.

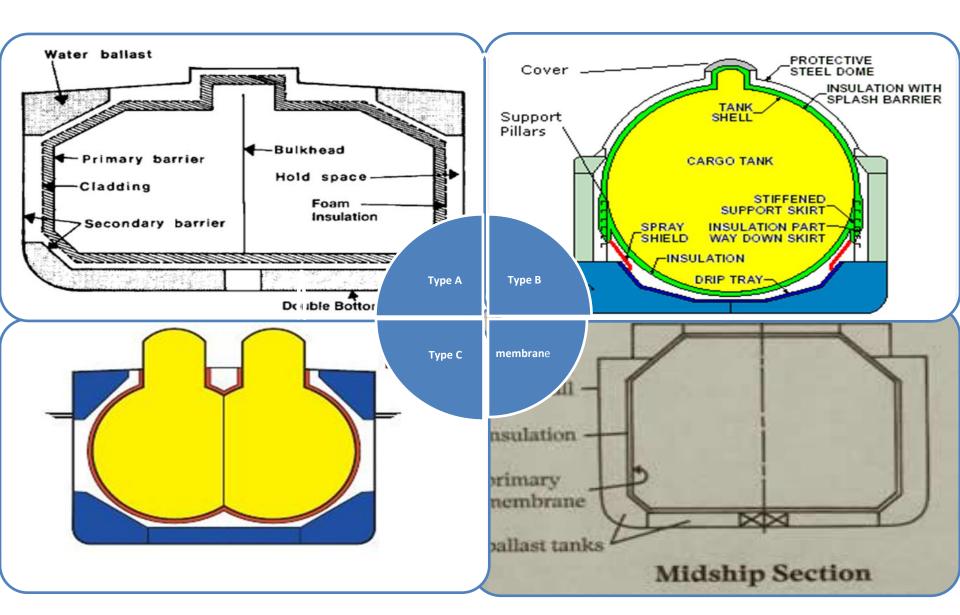


Principle Of Ship Design



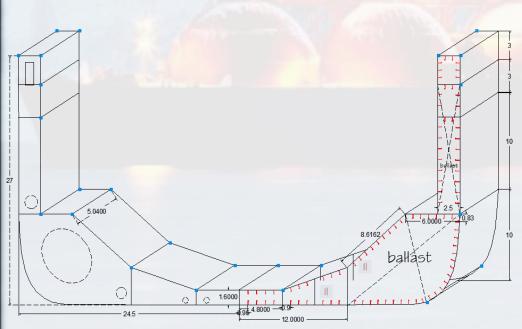


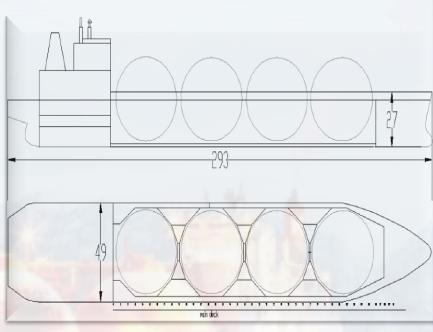
Hull Forms & Type Of LNG Ships



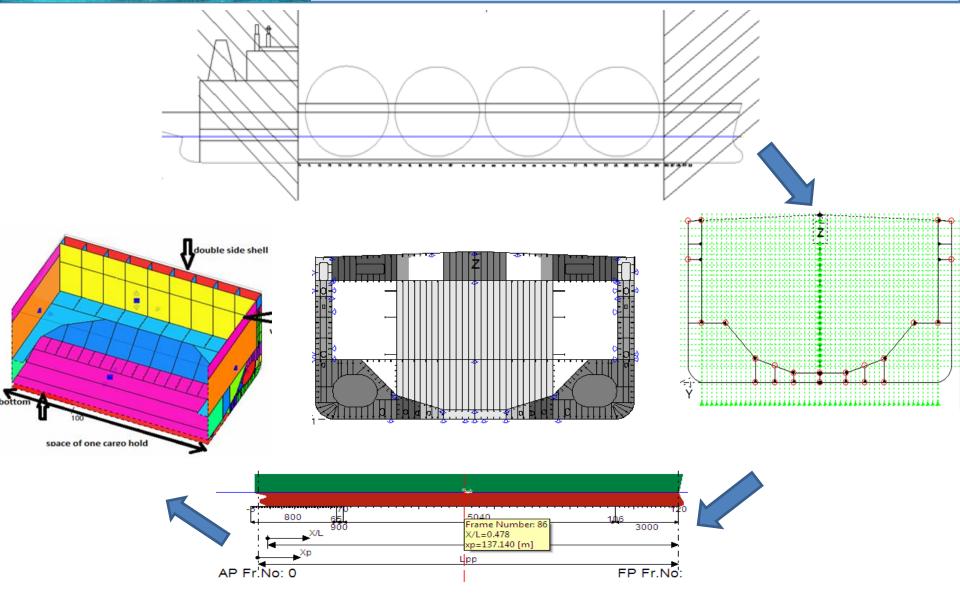
Main Characteristics

${ m L_{oa}}$	293 m
В	49 m
T	12 m
D	27 m

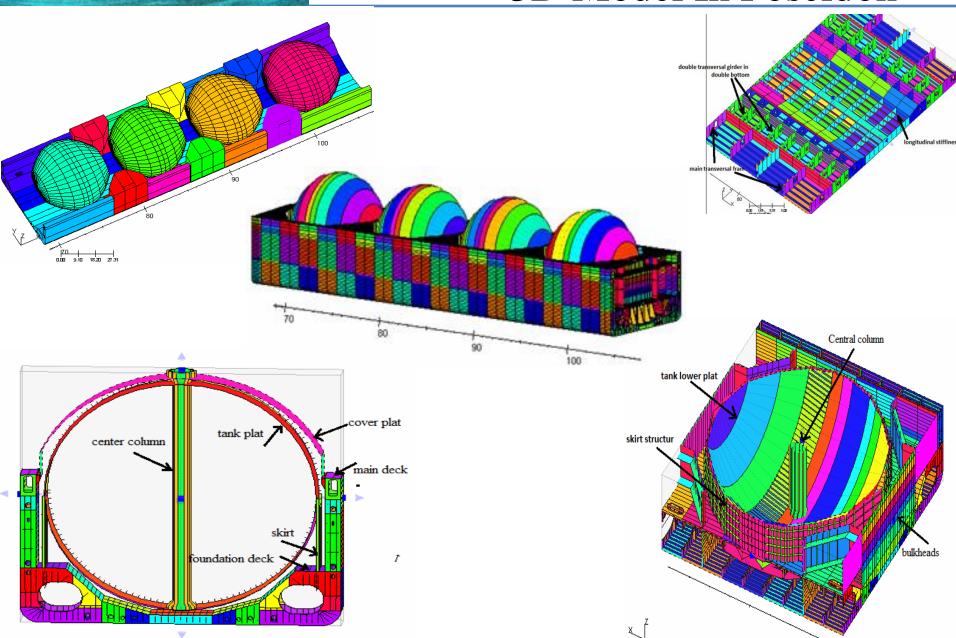




3D Model In Poseidon

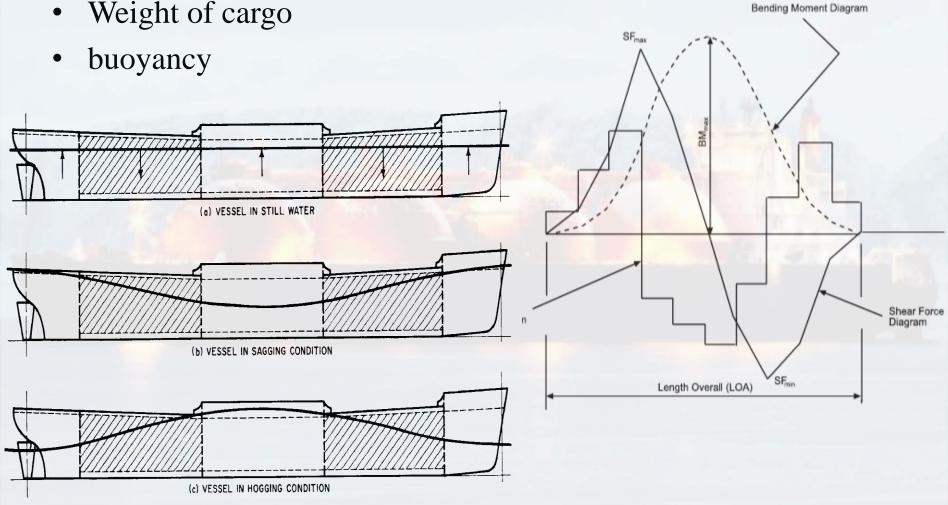


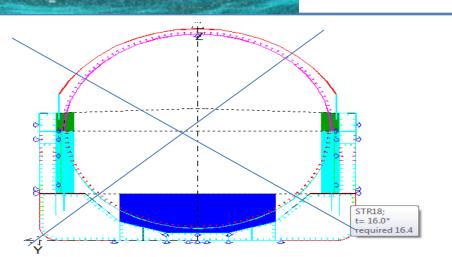
3D Model In Poseidon



Basic Forces Acting On Ship

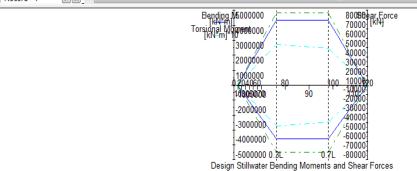
- Weight of structure of the ship
- Weight of cargo

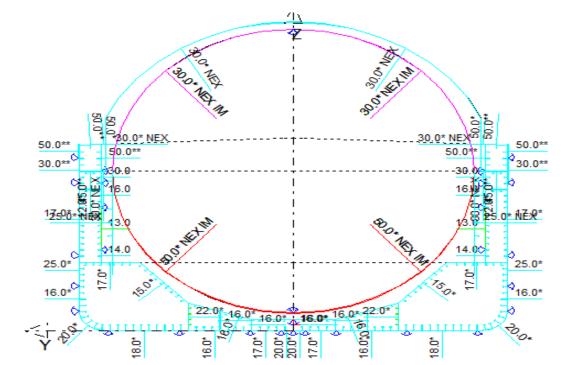




Scantling

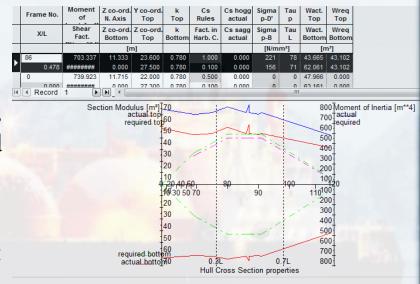
Г	Bending Moments BM		Shear Forces SF		Tors.Moment	
	Frame No.	Max [kN*m]	Min [kN*m]	Max [kN]	Min [kN]	+/- [kN*m]
▶	0L	0	0	0	0	0
	0.3L	4346759	-3591816	77270	-71625	271863
	0.7L	4346759	-3591816	77270	-71625	247998
	1.0L	0	0	0	0	0
*	1.01		n	Λ	Λ	0
14	Record 1	[b] [b] ∢				





Scantling

- Section modulus values achieved according to results of scantling is $W = 55.253 \text{ m}^3$.
- Value of midship section moment of inertia $I = 454 \text{ m}^4$.
 - $\sigma = M/W$
- M = bending moment
- W = section modulus
- In the longitudinal girders at deck and bottom, the combined stress resulting is not to exceed 230 N/mm².
- From results maximum values is in Fr 86: 221 Mpa in deck and 156 Mpa in bottom

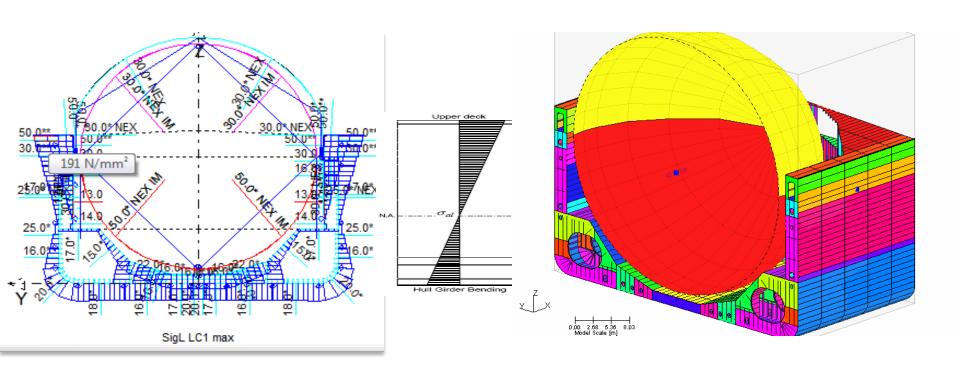


- Load case 1: load caused by vertical bending and static torsional moment;
- Load case 2: load caused by vertical and horizontal bending moment as well as static torsional moment;
- Load case3: load caused by vertical and horizontal bending moment as well as static and wave induced torsional moment.

Scantling

- Results of normal stress distribution
- Maximum value in

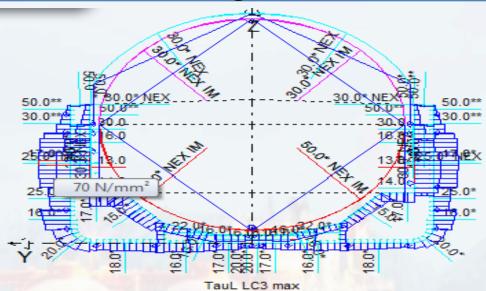
Load case 1: load caused by vertical bending and static torsional moment



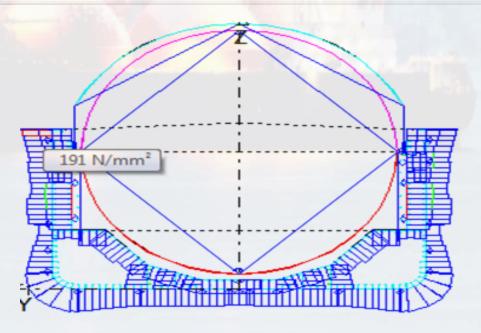
Scantling

• Shear stress distribution

maximum value in load case 3

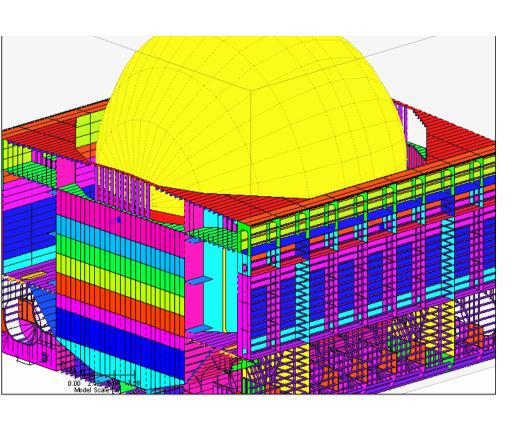


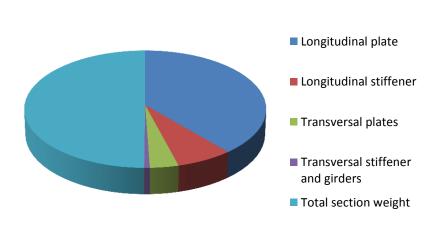
Von Mises stress distribution



Estimation Of Mass

- Very important task (good results of this work will have big influence on the success of the project)
- Give an idea about the coast
- Move in the right direction for optimization



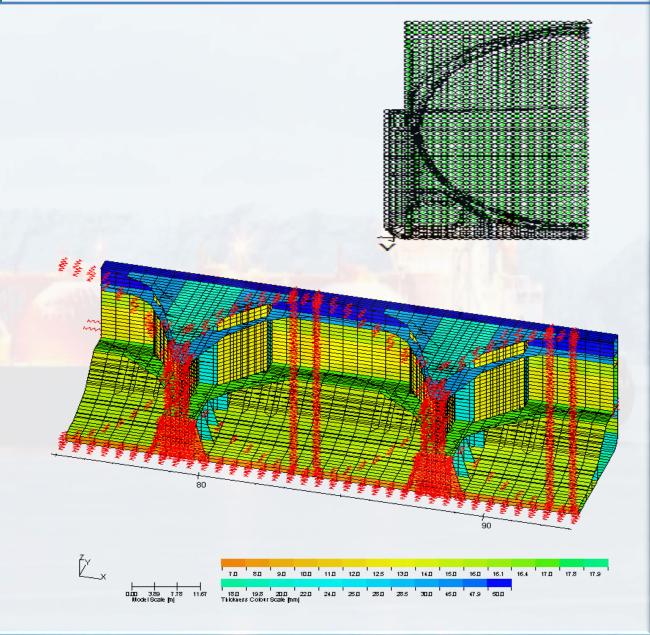


Numerical Calculation

Generate FE model

1- Mesh tolerances

2- boundary conditions



Numerical Calculation

Generate FE model

3- Loads specifications

3-1 External loads (draft Marge, wave definitions)

5D 7D 8D 8D 15D 10 12D 13D 14D 15D

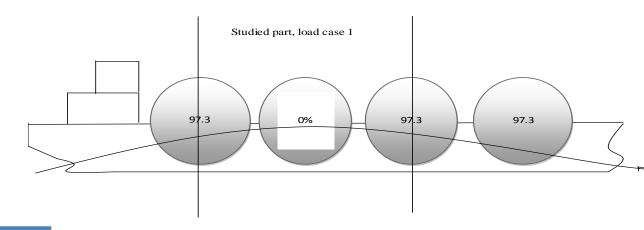
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3-2 Internal loads

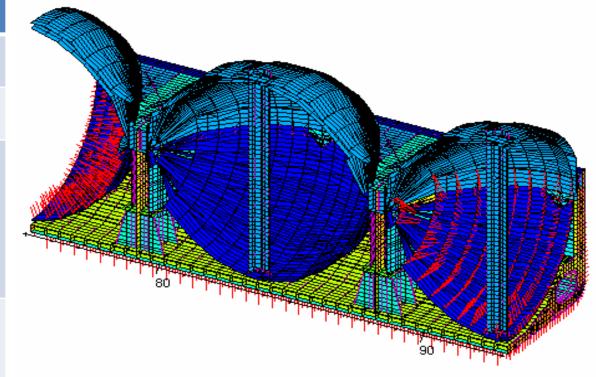
Numerical Calculation

Generate FE model

4- Selected load cases
4-1 load case 1



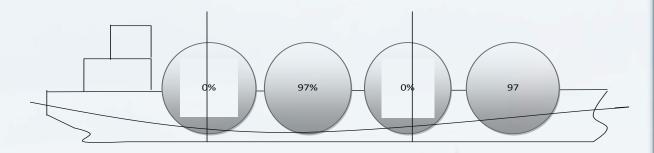
Loading condition	2 full tanks with empty	
	tank in middle	
External pressure	Hydrostatic due to static	
	water line	
Cargo pressure	Cargo pressure due to	
	gravity	
Additional applied	Rule hogging vertical design	
	wave bending moment	
	distribution and permissible	
	hogging still water bending	
	moment envelope, Msw, are	
	to be applied.	
External pressure	Local wave crest (to be	
	applied	
	to full length of FE model)	



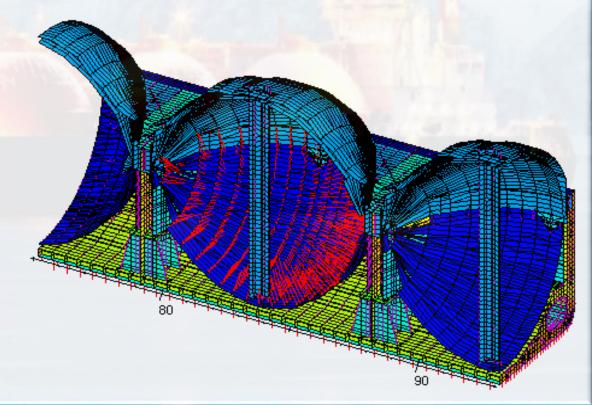
Numerical Calculation

Generate FE model

4- Selected load cases
4-1 load case 2



Loading condition	one full tank with two
	empty tanks in both sides
External pressure	Hydrostatic due to static
	water line
Cargo pressure	Cargo pressure due to
	gravity
Additional applied	Rule sagging vertical
	design wave bending
	moment distribution and
	permissible sagging still
	water bending moment
	envelope, Msw, are to be
	applied.
External pressure	Local wave crest (to be
	applied
	to full length of FE model)

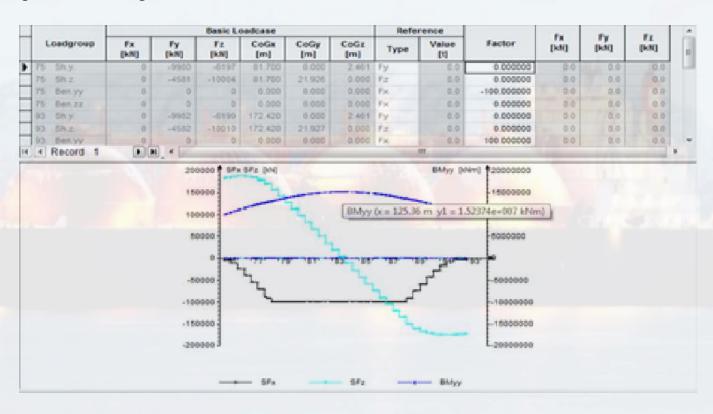




Numerical Calculation

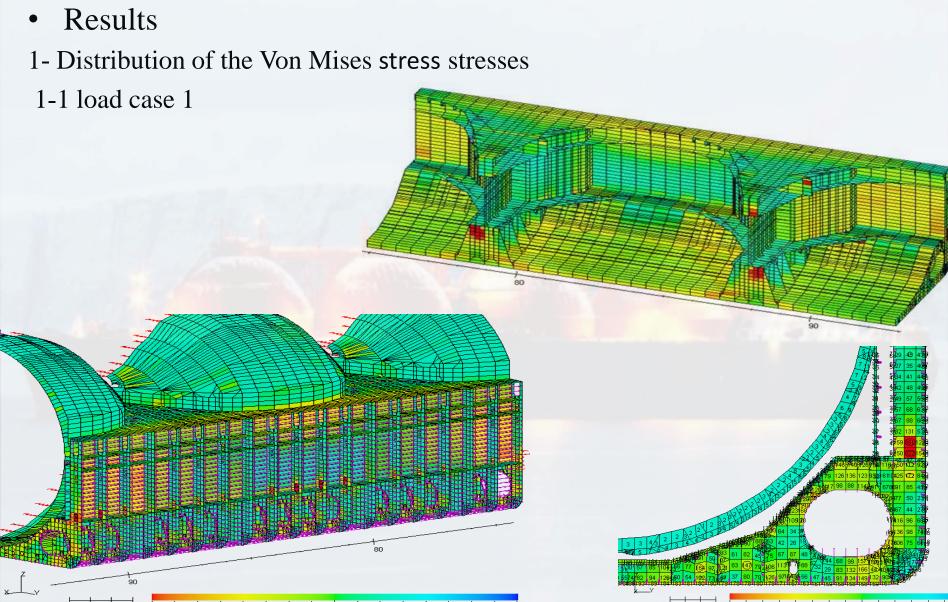
Generate FE model

Adjustment of global bending moment



Numerical Calculation

D. 1

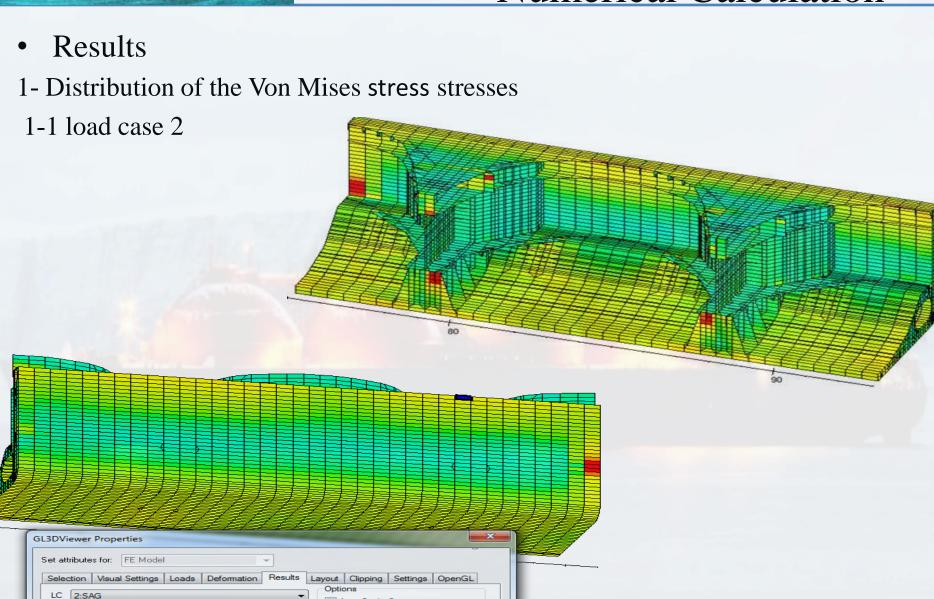


Lin Val Col

Use Fixed Scale

von Mises at Centre

Numerical Calculation



Numerical Calculation

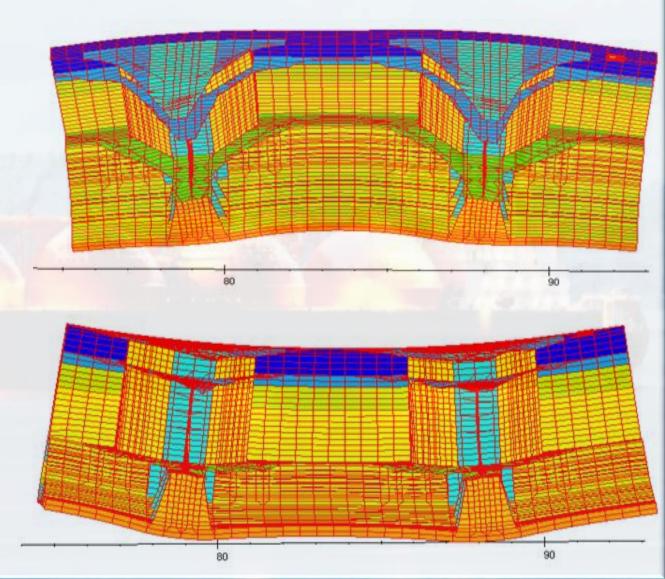
Model deformations under selected load cases

1- LC1 Maximum deflection In Z = 0.14613

2- LC2

In Z = -0.14082

Maximum deflection



Conclusion and comment

- The resulted structural scantling from the first approach was verified using the second approach which is based on the direct calculation and carried out by performing the finite element analysis of one cargo hold located at the middle of the ship.
- The objective of the ship hull structural design is achieving such hull structure capable of sustaining the different kind of loads which the ship may encounters during her life, and to serve its intended purpose.

Thanks you

dziękuje

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Let's all hope peace for Syria and all the world

Questions?